THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1561.]

From MONDAY *December* 3, to MONDAY *December* 10, 1764

☞ CHARLES-TOWN, Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, at his Office in TRADD-STREET.

By whom every Branch of the PRINTING BUSINESS is executed with Correctneſs and Diſpatch, in the neateſt manner.—— ADVERTISEMENTS are taken in——and ſmall HAND-BILLS done on the ſhorteſt Notice.

New Advertiſements.

Charles-Town, Dec. 7th, 1764.

HIS MAJESTY'S PACKET,
The HILLSBOROUGH,
LESLIE GROVE, COMMANDER,

SAILS from hence the 20th inſtant, for England with letters, for which a bag is put up at the houſe of John Gordon, Eſq. Paſſengers will be well accommodated, and at the ſame rates as are uſually paid to veſſels in the London trade: Caſh alſo will be taken on the ſame freight as is paid to the ſaid veſſels.

TO BE SOLD, at Auction, at the Front Store of Mr. *Joſiah Smith*, jun. in Tradd-ſtreet, on wedneſday the 19th day of December inſt. and continue day by day until the whole is ſold

A Large quantity of GOODS, juſt imported from England, and never yet expoſed to ſale in this province; but are quite freſh and new, amongſt which are, white and brown oſnabrugs, Iriſh dowlas, Iriſh linen, from *fourteen pence* to *three ſhillings* and *eight pence* per yard, check'd linens, romal handkerchiers, linen handkerchers, a variety of beautiful patterns of chints and callicoes, India ſilk handkerchers, long lawn, plain and flower'd lawn, book and callico muſlin, nankeens, breeches patterns, ſtockings, beautiful Mecklenburgh ſtuffs, &c. &c. &c.

All ſums above *one hundred pounds*, credit will be given until the 1ſt day of February next, giving ſecurity if required.

Dec. 5, 1764. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

GODFREY and GADSDEN,
HAVE JUST IMPORTED,
In the BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* DANIEL CURLING, *from* LONDON:
And the HOPEWELL, *Capt.* PITT, *from* BRISTOL:

A Compleat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; which have been carefully choſen, and are of the neweſt faſhions.

Amongſt them are the following articles, viz.

A Great variety of the neweſt and moſt faſhionable ſilks, ſuch as ſattins, figured tobines, black Pondicherry, plain and Turky ſtriped mantuas, tuteſtrins, white, ſtraw and pink ground brocades, &c. ſeveral new faſhion ſtuffs for womens winter gowns.

Broad cloths with trimmings, ſagathies, durants, tammies, ſhalloons, ſuſtians, ſilk jeans, ſerges, ready made cloaths, alapines, bombazines, hat crape, alamode, farſenet, hair ſhags, black, white and crimſon velvet, bed blankets, matraſſes, bed ticks, bed bunts, cotton counterpanes, ravens duck, ſail canvas from Number 1 to 6, cables, tarred and white rope of all ſizes.——A large aſſortment of printed linens, callicoes, chintz, cambricks and lawns, white callicoes and chints; blue, red white, and copper plate and printed furniture, cotton and chints and cambrieks, nankeens, minionet, plain, and flowered lawns, blue, red, white and Scotch handkerchers, long and piſtol lawns, Britannias, gulix holland, hemp and flaxen Ruſſia, Ruſſia huckaback and diapers for napkins, and table cloths, Britiſh linen, Heſſian crocus, oznabrugs, 3-4th, 7-8th, and yard-wide Iriſh linen, Pomeranias, 3-4th diaper, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting and clouting diapers, diaper and damaſk table cloths, dowlas, garlix, dimity, ſcarlet, blue and green check furniture, ¼th, ⅓th, and yard-wide checks and ſtripes, cotton holland, ſtriped cottons, plantation tools; mens, boys, and womens beaver hats; worſted, cotton, thread and ſilk ſtockings; gloves and mitts; plain and faſhionable ribbons; hair powder, threads, tapes, bobbing, ſewing ſilk, gauſe handkerchers, maſks, ſcarlet cloaks, faſhionable ſilk cardinals, ſilk hats, Ranelaugh and Pruſſian bonnets, fans, floor and ſtair cloths, coal ſcoops; bohea, green, and hyſon tea, pepper, ſingle and double refined ſugar, currants and raiſins, pimento, cinamon, cloves, mace, ginger, and other grocery; ſhot, lead and gun powder, pigtail tobacco and Scotch ſnuff, brimſtone, allum, lampblack, paints of ſeveral ſorts, walnuts, capers, olives, ketchup, muſtard, ſweet oil, china, glaſs, ſtone and earthen ware; buckles, ſciſſars, razors, knives, and other hard ware; cotton and wool cards; umbrellas; hair, iron, and braſs wire ſieves with deep rims, dreſſing and ſconce glaſſes; phyſick; corks; ſtationary; brooms and bruſhes, pewter diſhes, plates, &c. Indian kettles, Cheſhire double and ſingle Glouceſter cheeſe, oaſum, London porter, London and Briſtol duffils, blue, green, drab and white plains, ſtrouds, and moſt other goods uſually imported.

All which are to be ſold, at their ſtore on the BAY near the *Watch Houſe*, and at their ſtore in GEORGE-TOWN, at *ſuch Prices* as, they hope, will give ſatisfaction to all who are pleaſed to favour them with their cuſtom.

A PARCEL of exceeding fine Vidonia WINE, in Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter-Caſks; arrived in the Ship *Richard & Benjamin*, Capt. *Anthony Robinſon*, to be ſold very cheap, at the ſtore on the Bay of MIDDLETON, LISTON, & HOPE.

Who are in want of about twelve thouſand DEER-SKINS: if they can be delivered within a month, apply as above. t.f.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO FELLOW, that is a good BAKER. For further particulars, enquire of LEONARD BODELL.

ANNE BARON,

Hath juſt imported in the Ship Beaufain, Capt. Daniel Curling, from London, a compleat aſſortment of millenary goods, amongſt which are the following articles, viz.

FINE Mechlin and Bruſſel lace,
Minionet, trolly, blond and black ditto,
Joining lace, and Jacobs ladder,
A great variety of faſhionable gauze,
Faſhionable caps, fillets, and queens night caps,
Egrets of all ſorts,
Black feathers for the hair,
Bunches of real and mock garnet,
Egret caps, and ear-rings ditto,
French wax necklaces and ear-rings,
Caps and pompoons ditto,
Silver ſhapes and ſtomachers,
Tippets and flowers ditto,
Gauze and bugle ſtomachers, and knots,
Breaſt flowers,
Caps, egret and ear-ring bugles,
Puckerd cuffs, ſtomachers and knots,
Feather tippets and muffs,
Ermine ditto
Faſhionable black and crimſon ſattin cloaks and hats,
Coloured ſhades trim'd,
Plain and flower'd black ſattin,
Crimſon, blue, and white ditto,
India and Engliſh perſians and taffeties,
India and Engliſh chints, cottons and callicoes,
Fine book muſlin,
Clear and long lawn,
Plain and flowered minionet lawns,
Plain and flowered cambrick,
Corded and plain India dimities and humhums,
Childrens robes and bead baſkets,
Boys black and blue ſattin caps, with feathers,
Ladies gilding hats with feathers and taſſels,
A great variety of faſhionable gloves,
A large aſſortment of plain and coloured ribbon,
A large aſſortment of faſhionable fans,
All ſorts of hats and bonets,
Pucker'd ſattin & perſian petticoats,
Womens ſilver and gold ſtuff pumps,
Red, white and blue, and Morocco ditto,
Mens and girls ditto,
Womens ſatan and brocade ſhoes and pumps,
Ditto callimanco,
French and garland trimmings,
Womens ſilk, cotton, and thread hoſe,
Mens white, ſilk and leather gloves,
Womens and maids turning ſtays,
Childrens pack-thread ditto,
Skeleton ear-rings, and
Necklace ſpreaders,
Silver ſparks and ſpangles,
Silver trimmings, chain and ſpangle,
Black and white cat-gut, Paris net, and flouriſhing thread.

Eau-de-luce, honey, hungary, and lavender waters, hard and ſoft pomatum, lip ſalve, and tooth powder, almond powder, orange butter and cold cream, pickles of all ſorts, currants, raiſins and almonds, fine hyſon, green, and bohea teas, with a great many other articles, too tedious to enumerate. All which will be ſold very cheap, at her ſhop in Church-Street. 58—63

A regular tobacco manufactory
opened by
IMANUEL CORTISOZ,
from LONDON,
Adjoining his ſtore in Broad-ſtreet.

WHERE all kinds of tobacco and ſnuffs are manufactured as in London, and ſold by any quantity (not leſs than one ſhilling and three pence worth) at the following very low prices, viz.

High and low toaſt Scotch Snuff, at *fifteen ſhillings, ſeventeen and ſix pence*, and *twenty ſhillings* per pound or bottle.

Plain, ſcented, and St. Domingo Rappee, at *twenty ſhillings, five and twenty*, and *thirty ſhillings*.

Smoaking tobacco, at *five to ten ſhillings*.

Pigtail, at *ten ſhillings*, And

Leaf Tobacco, at *two ſhillings and ſix pence*.

And as he has been at great pains and expence to eſtabliſh this manufactury, and intends to manufacture chiefly, if not wholly, of the produce of this province, which he will maintain to be equal, if not ſuperior to that of Virginia, he flatters himſelf he may be favoured with, and deſerve the encouragement of the public.

All orders from the country, will be faithfully and diligently complied with, for ready money. And great allowance will be made to thoſe who buy largely, or to ſell again.

N. B. Empty ſquare bottles, will be taken in exchange at Twelve ſhillings and ſix pence per dozen, or at Ten ſhillings caſh.

St. Stephen's pariſh, Dec. 5th, 1764.

STRAYED into the plantation of *George Howard*, in prince Frederick's pariſh. A black horſe, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock 16. Alſo, ſtrayed into the plantation of *Daniel Williams*, in St. Stephen's pariſh. A gray horſe, about 13 hands and an half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder PW in one, paces and trotts. The owners, of the above ſtrays, muſt prove their property, and apply to ISAAC PORCHER.

But I was Free-born. ACTS, Ch. xxii, V. 28.

MR. TIMOTHY,

SPARE me a few remarks in your paper, by way of reply to the moſt ſtriking parts of the long ſtudied performance of Mr. Wells's correſpondent? Not from any hope I have of bringing him over from his heterodox opinion, or apprehenſion that he will make any converts to his tenets; but, leſt he ſhould form the ſame concluſions, from a total ſilence, which, he ſeemed afraid, would be the conſequence of not animadverting on the *Inhabitant*.

Will not "*every attentive and diſpaſſionate peruſer*" of that writer, conclude, that he imbibed his principles under ſome deſpotic and arbitrary government, and is an abſolute ſtranger to the Engliſh conſtitution? Would he otherwiſe have taken upon him to aſſert, in a FREE country, "*That the American colonies are modelled by the crown at pleaſure, like as it grants charters or patents to model corporations, ſome with larger, others with leſſer privileges*;" and to deny, that the people have any inherent conſtitutional rights, independent of the will and pleaſure of the crown; and to call ſuch claim "*a ſpecious parade*?" Does he think to convince by ſuch reaſoning? or, that he will appear in any favourable point of view to the people, whom he would thus repreſent as abject ſlaves, deſtitute of every privilege, but what flows merely from the bounty and grace of the crown? If the crown can model the colonies at pleaſure, without any regard to the conſtitution of Great-Britain, it follows, that it can, and may, eſtabliſh what kind of government it pleaſes, as deſpotic as any under a French or Spaniſh monarch; may inveſt the whole legiſlative power in his governor; make his inſtructions the rule and meaſure of the people's obedience, and his will their only law: this the prince may do, who has power and right to model a colony according to his pleaſure. It is a ſufficient refutation of this doctrine, that the crown has never done any ſuch thing, but hath invariably, in every eſſential and material point, made the conſtitution of England the plan and pattern of their eſtabliſhment, and it ſtill remains to be proved by this writer, before he can expect our aſſent to it. What! is the univerſal opinion and belief of the coloniſts, of an inherent right, derived to them from the laws and conſtitution of their mother country, founded on error? and have they been all this while under a deluſion, graſping a phantom? and has the honour and credit "*of this diſcovery been reſerved for this ſagatious and enlightened genius*?" Is the legiſlative power of the repreſentatives of the people reduced to the condition of "*corporations*" and little communities, who have only the ſubordinate interior direction of towns and villages? And is this the genuine import and interpretation of the words of the charter, "*That the ſaid province of Carolina ſhall be of our allegiance, and that all and ſingular the ſubjects and liege people of us, our heirs, and ſucceſſors, tranſported, or to be tranſported, into the ſaid province, and the children of them, and of ſuch as ſhall deſcend from them, there born, or hereafter to be born, be and ſhall be, denizens and liege of us, our heirs and ſucceſſors, of this our kingdom of England and be, IN ALL THINGS, held, treated, and reputed as the liege faithful people of us, our heirs and ſucceſſors, born within this our ſaid kingdom; and may inherit ALL liberties, franchiſes and privileges of this our kingdom of ENGLAND, &c.*" I aſk, by what rule of conſtruction, are theſe large and comprehenſive words (which are indeed no more than a confirmation of a pre-exiſtint, not a grant of any new, right) to be limitted and reſtrained, to the narrow and contracted meaning of making us only a corporation? Does this writer think it "*very decent*," to offer ſuch an inſult to the underſtanding of mankind, in ſo public a manner? Are the natural, and legal, and conſtitutional rights of the people to be annihilated, on the authority of a Chief-Juſtice's opinion, who perhaps was, or expected to be, (as is uſually the caſe) one of the council? on what occaſion was that important queſtion brought before his cognizance? did not the people know, that even the *ſmalleſt* point of privilege of the houſe of commons is not to be ſubmitted, (except in caſes ſpecially provided for by law) to the determination of the courts below? Perhaps the anecdote referred to was an extra-judicial opinion, like that of the judges in Charles I. time, in regard to ſhip-money; and pity it is, that an "*eminent lawyer*," and his judgment, had not met with their fate.

I ſhould be glad to be informed, (to ſee how the parallel will hold) whether the king, in erecting corporations, can authorize the aſſeſſing and levying taxes on the ſubject, *without* their conſent in parliament (or *aſſembly*) or whether a corporation can make laws which are binding on a whole kingdom or province? Sir William Jones, attorney general to James II. tho'e not; and told the king, "*That he could no more grant a commiſſion to levy money on his ſubjects in the plantations*, without their conſent, *by AN ASSEMBLY, than they could diſcharge themſelves from their allegiance*:" And the houſe of commons in Charles II's reign were ſo far from thinking the conſtitution of the colonies depended upon the "*pleaſure of the crown*," that one of the articles of accuſation, exhibited againſt the Earl of Clarendon, was, "*That he hath introduced an* arbitrary government *in his Majeſty's foreign plantations; and hath cauſed ſuch as complained thereof, before his Majeſty and Council, to be long impriſoned for ſo doing.*"

I have conſidered the writer's arguments, as built upon his poſition of the king's modelling and framing the conſtitution of the colonies at pleaſure, in which caſe the election law may be put intirely out of the queſtion, for, if the point is once eſtabliſhed which he contends for, then every law, which is paſſed in this province, is either null and void, or unneceſſary if it is repugnant to an inſtruction, it is void; if it only confirms the

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☞ *All who favour the Printer of this Gazette with* ADVERTISEMENTS, *are deſired to ſignify at Foot how long they would have them continued; otherwiſe they will be inſerted, as uſual, only in three ſucceſſive Papers.*

instruction, it is unnecessary, for the instruction is effectual without it; so that, according to his hypothesis, there is no occasion for assemblies at all, and edicts will answer all the end of laws. But notwithstanding his premisses (which supercede any necessity for a law to confirm an instruction) the writer still resorts to the election-law; which, he says, confirms the xxxvth instruction, but offers no further proof, to invalidate what the *Inhabitant* has urged, to shew that it does no such thing. He says indeed, "*the words plainly adapt the whole instruction; if a part had only been intended, the house which passed it, would, without doubt, have mentioned it, verbatim verbis, and recited the act;*" but pray, if the house had designed to have made a compliment of their privileges to the council, at the instance too of the crown, which, by the way, is no very "*decent*" insinuation, would it not have been more natural, and I am sure more parliamentary, to have incorporated and explained the instruction in the body of the act, and have made the title conformable thereto? would not the sagacity of the governor, or the council at least, have aided them, to have put the matter out of all dispute, by clear and positive words? where was the necessity of that unusual, strange, unparliamentary method, of fixing and settling, as it were in the dark, by an obscure reference, a point wherein all parties were agreed? or, were the governor and council afraid to propose any thing which might occasion any explanation upon so delicate an affair, which might have alarmed the house and defeated the measure? which it certainly would have done, had that house had the least idea of their privileges, and had conceived it possible to put such a construction upon that act.

Governor Nicholson, by his instructions, was absolutely restrained from giving his assent to that law, if the clause under consideration had the force and extent which is now contended for; and therefore, there is good reason to believe, the governor was of a different opinion: His xvth instruction has these words, "*you are also, as much as possible, to observe, in the passing "of all laws, that whatever may be requisite upon each* different "*matter, be accordingly provided for, by a* different *law, without "intermixing, with* one and the same *all such things as have no "proper relation to each other; and you are,* more especially, *to "take care, that no clause or clauses be inserted in, or annexed to any "act, which shall be* foreign *to what the* title *of such respective act "imports; and that no act* whatever *be suspended, altered, revived, "confirmed, or repealed, by* general words." I beg the reader's particular attention to this circumstance, that he will be pleased to lay the election-law before him, and say, if it is possible, consistent with the opinion of Mr. Wells's correspondent, that Governor Nicholson could have given his sanction to such a law, without betraying his trust to the king, and violating the most express and peremptory commandment?

I will now advance another position, to give the letter-writer an opportunity of displaying his talents for refutation: That if an act of assembly is passed, which is repugnant to the known usage and custom of parliament, inconsistent with the constitution of the mother-country, and contrary to the great charter of English liberty, it is, ipso facto, void in itself, without "*a repeal,*" and will not "*bind all*" (or any) "*of the inhabitants of the province, "as far as it goes,*" or in any manner whatever.

The *Inhabitant* introduced Mr. Broughton's speech, for the only purpose of refuting what was so *positively* advanced by the writer's first letter, viz. "*That the right of the council, to amend "a money bill, was not denied till* 1739," this speech being delivered in 1748: and the letter-writer "*has no foundation to insi-"nuate,*" that the *Inhabitant* has adopted the speaker's sentiment, because his whole arguments tend to shew, that the instruction, as relative to *the council*, was not confirmed at all, let it mean what kind of money-bills he pleases. But I cannot, by any means, acquiesce in the writer's very extraordinary reasoning on this head, That, because the ministry have "*discountenanced*" the emitting of paper currency in the province, which he has taken so much pains, unnecessarily, to prove; therefore, such paper-money cannot be the object of the instruction: What! because the ministry, the merchants at home, and many "*persons of good circumstances in Charles-Town,*" at the risque of their liberty, disapproved of and remonstrated against "*the issuing of "more paper money,*" therefore, the instruction could not relate to *that* subject, or "*be applied to so trivial a matter, as "the direction of a copper plate for temporary or occasional paper-"currency?*" Did the ministry then shew so much dislike and discountenance, upon so many occasions, to so "*trivial*" a thing? or, with what propriety can this writer, in one and the same breath, call the same thing *trivial*, and at the same time shew its *importance*? I think a contrary conclusion more consonant to reason; that, if the ministry in so many instances, had shewn their "*disapprobation and dislike to paper-currency,*" it was extremely natural and proper, to put it under proper regulations and restraint, by instructions to the governor for that purpose, especially under the "*new constitution, where the Crown "now possesses so great a share, as will hardly admit*" of any disapproved measure being carried into execution.

I am obliged to the gentleman, for instructing me how I should have made the "*the proper distinction between the old constitution under the proprietors, and the new under the crown,*" and should have been glad, had he pointed out more intelligibly, where I had made a "*fourth*" or *any* "*distinction, in the constitution of South-Carolina.*" I did not intend any in either case. My design being to vindicate the rights of the people, I had no occasion to run any division; or consider them in any other light than as British subjects. The Gentleman, indeed, has informed us, that "*the colonies are variously constituted, some by "charters, some proprietary, and others under the immediate govern-"ment of the crown; and that, in more than one of them, there is "very little conformity to the constitution of Great-Britain:*" What the essential difference may be, "*he is yet to inform us.*" I fancy it would not make for his purpose; for it will be found, that the *liberties* and *privileges* of *the people*, which is the subject of the dispute between us, are no ways affected by any variation in the model of their government; but rather, in some of them, enlarged and extended: And surely, there is a wide difference, betwixt granting additional privileges to a people, and taking away those which they are intitled to?

I will allow every thing the writer says, as to the council's joining, in examining and settling the public accounts, &c. and further, that the assemblies very complaisantly concurred with them, in their *assumed* stile of "*The Honourable the* Upper House "*of assembly*;" but, I am very far from admitting, that *those* precedents do establish any right, or give a sanction to things which are in their nature wrong, and the effect of either inadvertance, or inattention. Every measure must be supported by, and bro't to the test of the English constitution, which is the north star to guide and direct our political course; and whatever our forefathers, or we ourselves, have done or permitted, which will not bear that criterion, ought to be laid aside, and discontinued, as erroneous and improper. As to the stile of *Upper House* being applied to *the council*, it carries with it such an air and idea of superiority and pre-eminence, as is altogether incompatible with common decency and politeness among *Equals*; and I defy them to shew, that it is either authorized, or even countenanced, by the least colour of right derived from the crown. It is even fallen into disuse with the house of lords.

It is amazing, that, at a time so unpropitious to their designs, when the subjects are blessed and happy, in a reign so distinguished, and they have every security that the strongest and tenderest expressions, joined to an uniform and unexceptionable conduct, can give, for the enjoyment and exercise of their liberties,

that the servants of the crown should be so infatuated, as to seek every occasion for alarming the fears, and exciting the jealousy, of his majesty's subjects; by endeavouring to extend the prerogative, and advance the power, of the crown, to the diminution, if not the total extinction, of the *natural* and *indisputable rights* of the people: surely, such a procedure needs only a proper representation, to bring upon them their deserved chastisement; for they cannot expect to escape the resentment of their prince, who pursue a plan so repugnant to his public declaration, and so dishonourable to his own just and upright administration: But, perhaps these gentlemen "*rely*, solely *and* absolutely, *on "the efficacy of anything the* people *can say or do*, to sully their "character and conduct." However, let prudence be their monitor, and let them not trust too much, to the anecdote the gentleman in the close of his letter has given: The time may come, when a board of trade will disdain such a precedent, will act upon more generous and constitutional principles, and will make a conscience of conveying the just complaints and appeal of the people, to the royal ear. It is to be wished, that this circumstance, and the use that is made of it, were known to their present lordships.

And now, I shall take my leave of this writer, and the dispute together; referring the further discussion of it to the proper tribunal, where it belongs; who will, I doubt not, make the principles of the constitution the test and touch-stone by which they will examine every pretence of the council.

I am, Mr. TIMOTHY,
Your very humble Servant,
December 3d, 1764. The INHABITANT.

New Advertisements.

WET NURSES,

TWO healthy likely ones, with their first Children, to be hired out by the month. Inquire at the Printer's.

For LONDON, LISBON, or COWES and the MARKETS,

The ship KING GEORGE,

WILLIAM COWARD, Master,

WILL be ready to sail, as soon as her present cargo is disposed of. For freight or passage, apply to NOWELL, DAVIES, & ANCRUM.

☞ IMPORTED in the said vessel, Newcastle Coals, fine white Salt, Crates of Milk Pans, Sheet Glass, Window Glass, Kitts of pickled Salmon, Potatoes, Nails, Anvils, Grapnals, Anchors, Grind-Stones, empty Quart-Bottles and Oakum, which will be sold low by the quantity. Enquire as above.

For PENSACOLA & MOBILE,

THE SLOOP

BETSEY,

EZRA WHIPPLE, Master,

(To sail in a week)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to said Master, or SHIRLEY & MARTIN.

Charles-Town, Dec. 8th, 1764.

THE Co-partnership of MACARTAN & CAMPBELL having expired with the year 1762, This is to desire all persons to whom they are indebted, to bring in their accompts, to receive payment; and those who are indebted to them, by bond, note, or book-debt, either at their store in Charles-Town, or at Augusta, to make immediate payment, or settle to their satisfaction.

TO BE HIRED BY THE YEAR,

In the service of any REPUTABLE FAMILY,

A Healthy young negro wench, belonging to a gentleman lately departed this province for England, who recommends her as a very good COOK, excellent SEAMSTRESS, and capable of doing almost every kind of houshold business. Inquire of ROBERT WILLIAMS, jun.

JOSEPH SCOTT,

GIVES this public Notice, That he has provided himself with a very good HORSE-BOAT, and several convenient CANOWS, for passengers that pass and repass from Country to Town: And hopes to give entire satisfaction to all who shall pass his FERRY. 58—69

Monck's-Corner, Nov. 15th, 1764.

LEFT, at *William Martin's* at Monck's Corner. A bay mare, with a bald face, branded on the mounting buttock T L. Whoever owns the said mare, may have her again, on paying the charges, and applying as above.

An OVERSEER Wanted,

A Single man, well recommended (none other need apply) to take upon him the management of Sixty working hands. Inquire of the Printer of this paper.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

WHEREAS, at a court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town on tuesday the 13th day of November inst. *Lewis Middleton* and *William Chapman*, being duly summoned and returned to serve as jurors, made default, and were fined in the sum of *Five Pounds* proclamation-money each: This is to give notice, that process will most certainly issue for levying said fines, unless the said defaulters shall respectively make good and sufficient excuses, upon oath, for their non-attendance, within forty days from the first day of the sitting of the said court.

Pleas-Office, D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.
Nov. 26th 1764.

TO BE SOLD Reasonably,

At the first STORE on Col. BEALE's wharf, By

JOSEPH DURFEE,

GOOD New-England Rum, Cordials, CYDER, COD FISH, POTATOES, SPERMACETI CANDLES, CHEESE, &c. &c. &c,

SAVANNAH, (in GEORGIA,) *November 13.*

On Wednesday the 21st instant, his Excellency the Governor was pleased to deliver the following SPEECH to both Houses of Assembly.

Honourable Gentlemen,
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Commons House of Assembly.

OUR most gracious Sovereign having been pleased to honour me with his royal commission, under the great seal of Great-Britain, extending my authority and jurisdiction in and over the territory annexed to this province by his Majesty's royal proclamation of the 6th of October 1763, (which is more particularly described in the said commission) and investing me with all the powers in and over the said territory, that are contained in my general commission; I must therefore recommend to your consideration the framing of a bill to extend and enforce all our general laws to and throughout the said annexed territory, in order to remove and avoid any doubt or difficulty concerning the same. And as those two capital laws, the Militia-Law and Negro-Law, will expire with this session, a careful revisal of them will be very necessary, before they are re-enacted, that they may more effectually answer the good ends proposed.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

His majesty's Post-Master-General being concerting measures for settling a regular and constant post throughout the colonies, it is the King's pleasure, that I should recommend it to you to provide for the establishment of stages, and erecting proper buildings on the water-side, wherever the same may be found necessary within this province, that the posts may meet with no delays or interruptions in passing.

And his Majesty, out of his princely care for our protection and safety, having ordered a part of the first battalion of the Royal American regiment into this province, and still continuing the the two troops of Rangers here, I cannot omit requesting you to take into your consideration the ruinous state of Fort-Augusta, and of the Guard-House in Savannah; and doubt not but you'll judge it altogether necessary to make suitable provision for those services.

I shall order an account of the last year's tax to be laid before you, and an estimate for the services of the current year, and must in the strongest manner recommend to you, to give dispatch, that so the attendance on the public business may not be injurious to any of the members.

Gentlemen of the Council,
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

I have the satisfaction to acquaint you that our Indian affairs have so happily succeeded, that not one shilling of debt has been contracted under the vote of credit with which I was intrusted on that occasion.

I persuade myself, *Gentlemen*, that the business of this session will be conducted with that hitherto well-experienced great temper, unanimity, and confidence, so conducive to the general happiness of the province; and assure you of my readiness most heartily to concur with you in that, and every measure for his Majesty's service, and the prosperity of this province.

Savannah in Georgia, Council-Chamber, the 21st of Nov. 1764. JAMES WRIGHT.

To his Excellency JAMES WRIGHT, *Esquire, Captain-General, and Governor in Chief of his Majesty's province of Georgia.*

The humble ADDRESS of the Upper House of Assembly.

May it please your Excellency,

WE his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Council of Georgia, in general assembly met, beg leave to return your Excellency our thanks for your speech to both houses.

We most sincerely congratulate your Excellency upon the additional authority vested in you by his Majesty's royal commission; the annexing such a considerable territory to this province cannot but be the means of inviting many valuable settlers to improve it. We intirely agree with your Excellency in the necessity, on this occasion, of properly extending and enforcing our general laws, also of revising the Militia and Negro Laws before they are re-enacted; in all which we shall most readily and chearfully concur, as well as in every other measure proposed by your Excellency.

It is with great satisfaction we find the public has been no ways burthened by the vote of credit passed in the last general assembly; and we have the strongest hopes that the present peaceable disposition of the Indians (which we justly attribute to the very judicious measures pursued by your Excellency in the management of affairs relating to them) may so continue as to render any future provision of that nature unnecessary.

Influenced by your Excellency's candid example, and animated by an unfeigned zeal for the public tranquillity, we shall invariably persist in our endeavours to conduct the business of this session with the well-grounded cautions recommended by you: And, from the obvious tendency of every part of your Excellency's past conduct, we can have no room to doubt of your concurrence in any measure that may promote the welfare and prosperity of Georgia.

By Order of the House
Upper-House, JAMES HABERSHAM, *President.*
Nov. 22d, 1764.

Honourable Gentlemen

YOUR very kind address I most cordially accept, and thank you for the zeal you express to promote the honour, interest, and tranquillity of this province; also for the favourable opinion you are pleased to entertain of my conduct, which I hope will continue to be such as may merit the approbation of gentlemen I so much esteem.

Nov. 22d, 1794. JAMES WRIGHT.

To his Excellency JAMES WRIGHT, *Esquire, Captain-General and Governor in Chief, of the Province of Georgia, and Vice-Admiral of the same.*

The humble Address of the Commons House of Assembly.

May it please your Excellency,

WE his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of his Majesty's province of Georgia, in general assembly met, return your excellency our most sincere and unfeigned thanks for your speech to both houses of assembly.

Permit us, Sir, to acknowledge the very grateful and sincere sense we have of the happiness we enjoy under your equitable and mild administration.

Your Excellency's tender care and humane endeavours to prevent the spreading of that dreadful distemper the small-pox, as soon as it unhappily broke out amongst us, demands our most grateful acknowledgements.

We should be very much wanting in duty to our most gracious sovereign, if we omitted to testify, on this occasion, the lively sense we have of his Majesty's royal favour to this province, in annexing so considerable a territory thereunto, heartily congratulate your excellency on the extension of your jurisdiction, and join with you in opinion that it is extremely expedient we should frame a bill for the enforcement of all our general laws to and throughout the same; and, agreeable to your excellency's recommendation, shall endeavour to revise and correct the militia and negro laws, that they may more effectually answer the good ends proposed.

We highly approve of the plan now concerting by his majesty's post-master-general for the establishment of a regular post throughout the colonies; to promote which nothing in our power, consistent with the abilities of our constituents, shall be wanting.

With equal readiness we shall take under consideration what your excellency has been further pleased to recommend to us with respect to the ruinous state of Fort Augusta, and the guard-house in Savannah; and we only wish that the circumstances of this province did correspond with our real desires to comply with every recommendation signified to us by your excellency.

The satisfaction your excellency discovers in communicating to us the happy situation of our Indian affairs, convinces us of your great regard to the real welfare and interest of this province; and we, in the most grateful manner, acknowledge the obligation we are under to your excellency for preserving us in so tranquil a state, as to have rendered useless the vote of credit with which you were so worthily intrusted.

We shall take under consideration the produce of the last year's tax, and for the necessary services of the current year we will chearfully provide. We shall use our utmost endeavours to give such dispatch to the public business that the attendance thereon may not become injurious or burthensome to any of the members, and doubt not but the same will be conducted with that temper, unanimity, and confidence, that has hitherto proved so conducive to the welfare of this province.

By order of the House,
ALEXANDER WYLLY, *Speaker.*

Common House of Assembly, Nov. 22, 1764.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

I Am very much obliged to you for this address, and the disposition you shew to provide for the several matters recommended by me; and to concur in such measures as appear to be for his Majesty's service and the welfare of the province. Those things cannot but be very acceptable to me, and manifest that spirit, which will, I doubt not, be applauded by your constituents. And I must not omit, Gentlemen, to return you my best thanks for your kind approbation of my conduct.

Nov. 23, 1764. JAMES WRIGHT.

New Advertisements.

WHEREAS trespasses are frequently committed on Bull's-Island (belonging to Thomas Shubrick, Esq;) by people from scooners and other craft passing, landing there, under pretence of wanting wood or hunting Racoons, who have been guilty of killing and robbing the island of Sheep, Goats, Poultry, &c.

NOTICE is hereby given, That all persons whosoever, that shall hereafter be guilty of such infamous practices, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law, by Mr. Shubrick's attornies,

JACOB MOTTE, jun. JACOB MOTTE,
THOMAS LYNCH, JOHN SNELLING,
WILLIAM DRAYTON,

TO BE SOLD,

On board the sloop Industry, lying opposite to the Market-wharf,

TWenty-Eight hundred BERMUDA SAWED STONES, by
WILLIAM MORRIS.

TWO very good negro Coopers, and a young negro Wench, to be hired out by the year. Inquire of the Printer.

IMPORTED from Jamaica, preserved ginger, 40 lb. green citron and limes, 30 lb. dryed orange and lemon peel 25 lb. ditto in syrup, 15 lb. marmalade, 12 s. 6d. tamarinds, 7 s. 6d. all those by the pound; limejuice fresh squeezed, 40 lb. per gallon, Jamaica rum, 20 and 25 lb. per gallon; also mixed sperma-ceta candles, 4 lb. a pound by the box; aniseed and orange cordial, 12 s. 6d. a bottle; scented pomatum, 15 lb. a dozen. Likewise a parcel of dry goods, to be sold wholesale or retail at seven for one, and much under that price in some goods, according to the quantity bought—The dry goods, shop and parlour, with two bed-chambers and a cellar, to be lett for 1601. a year. None need apply that intend to sell any sort of liquors, or whose character will not bear a strict enquiry, by

JOHN FORRESTER, in Bedon's-Alley.

THE Creditors of *Alexander Broughton*, deceased, are desired to send in their accompts attested, to

MARY BROUGHTON, *Executrix.*

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, in June last. A tall young negro fellow named *JACK*, this country born, of a yellowish complexion, is about nineteen years of age, stutters very much in his speech. Whoever will deliver him to me at my plantation, or to the warden of the work-house, shall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS and his other charges: Or, whoever will give me information of all being harboured or entertained, shall on conviction of the offender, receive TWENTY POUNDS reward, from

JOHN WARING.

N.B. I shall want for the ensuing year, TWO or THREE well recommended OVERSEERS. tf.

RAN away from me the subscriber, on Thursday October 4th, 1764. A tall negroe fellow, named SAUNDY, of the Mandingo country, near six feet high, very much pitted with the small pox in the face; had on, when he went away, an osnabrug shirt and trowsers, a green woollen jacket, with white metal buttons; walks very upright, his heels are very long, was purchased at Mr. Prioleau's vendue the 12th of April last. Whoever will apprehend the said negro fellow, and bring him to me shall have a reward of Ten pounds currency; but, whoever will give information where he is harboured, so that the offender or offenders may be brought to justice, if by a white person, shall be paid, on conviction, the sum of Twenty pounds, if by a negro Ten pounds. All masters of vessels, and others, are hereby cautioned not to carry off the said fellow, on pain of being prosecuted with the utmost severity of the law. If the said negro will come home to me of his own accord, he shall be forgiven.

58— CHRISTOPHER HOLSON, *Warden of the work house.*

Brought to the Work-House.

Dec. 9th, 1764. A negro fellow who calls himself TONEY, but can't tell his master's name; has on white negro cloth jacket and short trowsers, with his country marks in his face, branded on his right shoulder SJ. Taken up near Mr. Sacheverell's plantation, at Ponpon.

TO BE SOLD, at public vendue, on Thursday the 10th of January ensuing,

THE plantation whereon the subscriber now lives, on James-island, containing 284 acres, old measure, pleasantly situated on Wappoo-creek, about four miles from, & hath a view of the south west part of Charles-Town: Three fourths of the said land is arable, mellow, black soil, fit either for meadow or planting, some good rice land; the other part is a light sandy soil, with a slight cow-pasturing will produce either corn, indico, or any kind of market-truck, very early and very good. The whole of the said land is ditched in, and the chief part of the ditches lately repaired; it is middling well stocked with fencing timber: It hath on it, a good compleat two-story house well finished, with piazzas to each side, and a good dry cellar underneath, a pretty good barn, a new stable and chair-house, a very commodious new poultry-house with six apartments, a kitchen, wash and overseer's-room, with other out-buildings usually on a plantation. The conditions are, a twelve-month's credit, with interest from the day of sale, and giving security.

Likewise, at the same time and place, will be sold. A neat stock of cattle, about seventy head of breeders, mostly young, four yoak of oxen, with about forty head of sheep, a few breeding sows, poultry, &c. Any person inclinable to purchase before the day of sale, may treat with.

Dec. 10th, 1764. CHARLES ODINGSELL.

CHARLES-TOWN, *December* 10, 1764.

THE general assembly of *New York*, during their last session, sent a representation and petition to Mr. *Charles*, their agent in *Great-Britain*, to be laid before the King, lords, and commons, touching the hardships laid on the colonies, by several acts of parliament lately passed; and have directed him to call to his assistance such council, learned in the law, as the weight and importance of the matters contained in them require.

The civil government in Canada, was established the 10th of August; in consequence whereof the governor and council have passed several salutary ordinances.

A severe shock of an earthquake was felt at *St. John's* in *Newfoundland*, the 30th of *September* last, at noon.

Thursday last arrived here the *Hillsborough* packet-boat, commanded by captain *Leslie Grove*. The honourable *James Moultrie*, Esq; chief justice of *East-Florida*, and the honourable *John Haines*, Esq; one of his Majesty's council there, are come in the said ship, from *St. Augustine*. The right honourable major general Lord *Adam Gordon*, we hear, will come by land.

Yesterday arrived in the *Diana*, captain *Coulson*, from *London*, Mr. *William Bell*, merchant, and Mr. *Benjamin Ware*.—This Mr. *Ware* who went from hence about three years ago, was taken on his passage to *Lisbon*, by a *French East Indiaman*, and carried to *Isle Bourbon*, whence he did not get to *England* till about four months ago.

By a vessel from *Havana*, which left that port the 30th ult. we learn that a 74-gun ship and two frigates with treasure, and three merchantmen, sailed for *Old Spain* the same day; that the *Spaniards* continue to employ a great number of hands on the fortifications, particularly at the *Cavannos*; and that they had, besides the two ships formerly mentioned, another 80-gun ship and a frigate on the stocks. The ships with treasure from *La Vera Cruz*, were daily expected.

The Post-Masters General of America have lately appointed Mr. Robert Bolton to be post master of Georgia, who is enjoined to act in concert with another person appointed for this province; in consequence whereof a regular post will shortly be established betwixt the two provinces, and extended, in proportion to the encouragement that may be given thereto.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE,

Dec.	*Arrived at Charles-Town.*	*From*
6th.	Ship Hillsborough *(a Packet-Boat)* Leslie Grove,	Georgia
	Scooner William & Rebecca, Judah Swaine,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Roby, Joseph Durfee,	Rhode-Island
7th.	Sloop Tryton, Henry Stainsmore,	Newfoundland
	Ship King George, Wm. Coward,	Newcastle
	Sloop Sally, Joseph Thompson,	New-Providence
8th.	Billander Africa, Richard Watts, jun.	Newfoundland
9th.	Ship Diana, Isaac Cheesman,	London
	Snow Duke, George Fortune,	Havana
	Sloop Hope, Charles Henry,	Pensaccia
	Sloop Polly, Benjamin Stiles,	Curaffao
10th.	Sloop Sally, Nathaniel Sloo,	North-Carolina
Dec.	*Sailed, since our last.*	*For*
4th.	Ship Richard and Benjamin, Anth. Robinson,	Havana
	Brigt. Charming-Sally, Evan Evanson,	Jamaica
	Scooner Georgia-Packet, William Lyford,	Pensacola
	Sloop London, Charles Dawson,	Jamaica
	Sloop Defiance, Seth Winslow,	Rhode-Island
	Sloop Free-Bounty, Thomas White,	Jamaica
	Sloop Betsey, Downham Newton,	New-Providence
6th.	Sloop Mary, Cornelius Hinson,	Jamaica
7th.	Brigt. Two-Brothers, Henry Stevenson,	Beaufort
8th.	Scooner Buck, Edward Allen,	George-Town
9th.	Ship Heart-of-Oak, Henry Gunn,	Lisbon
	Brigt. Tryton, Nicholas Doyle,	Bristol
	Brigt. Savage, Thomas Durham,	Jamaica
	Scooner Margaret, Jonathan Porter,	Curacoa
	Sloop Sooky & Nancy, Josiah Dickinson,	Barbados
	Sloop Dove, George Luther,	Jamaica
	Remain Windbound, or clear'd.	*For*
	Ship Flora, Thomas Courtin,	Lisbon
	Ship Knight, Thomas Dennison,	Oporto
	Brigt. Venus, Patrick M'Laughlin,	Cowes
	Brigt. King-George, Thomas Erskine,	London
	Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn,	New-York
	May sail, or be loaded this Week.	*For*
	Ship Rainbow, Philip Westcott,	Cowes
	Brigt. Charming-Betsey, Collin McAlpine,	Martinique
	Brigt. Phillis, Peter Gwinn,	Boston
	Snow Austin, Matthias Holme,	Oporto
	Scooner Anne, Benjamin Lightbourn,	Jamaica
	Sloop King-George, Samuel Newbold,	Jamaica
	Sloop Peggy, Henry White,	Monte-Christi
	Scooner William & Rebecca, Judah Swaine,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Charlotte, Samuel Skinner,	St. Kitts
	Scooner Mary, Adam Bachop,	St. Auguftine
	Sloop Betsey, Ezra Whipple,	Penfacola & Mobile
	Sloop Ruth, Edward King,	Antigua
	Sloop John, Stephen Seymour,	Barbados
	Sloop Susannah & Mary, Francis Eve,	St. Eustatius
	Arrivals from this Port.	*At*
	Ship Friendship, Samuel Ball, jun.	St. Auguftine
	Snow Susanna, Young Green,	Newfoundland
	Sloop Rising-Sun, James Allen,	Rhode-Island
	Sloop Elizabeth, Silvester Gardner,	Rhode-Island
	Sloop Sea-Flower, Philip Hathway,	Rhode-Island

CAROLINA PRODUCE.

Exported from CHARLES TOWN, since the 1st Day of November 1764.

RICE,	7,509 barrels and half	Turpentine,	84 barrels.
Hemp,	8,800 pounds.	Corn,	5,112 bushels.
Indico,	4,901 pounds.	Peafe,	2,321 bushels.
Red-Oak Bark,	48 casks.	Rough-Rice,	573 bushels.
Candles,	49 boxes.	Potatoes,	121 bushels.
Soap,	2 boxes.	Deer-Skins,	3 bags, and 19 packs.
Pork,	11 barrels	Soal Leather,	4,9 hides.
Beef,	31 barrels	Lumber,	74,789 feet.
Hams,	1 bundle.	Shingles,	303,800.
Butter,	217 firkins.	Staves,	6,030.
Sheep,	7 head.	Reeds,	3,000.
Hogs,	210 head.	Oranges,	74 casks, 2 boxes, 4,000 loose.
Horses,	3 head.	Orange-Juice,	2 barrels.
Poultry,	45 dozen.	Ground-Nuts,	25 barrels.
Pitch,	779 barrels.		
Common-Tar,	15 barrels.		

CHARLES-TOWN, PRICE-CURRENT,

Of Carolina Produce.

By the Hundred Weight.

RICE,	50 s.
Turpentine,	15 s.
Rosin,	no demand.
Hemp (*besides bounty*)	7 l.
Flour,	60 to 70 s.
Saffafras,	15 s.

By the Barrel.

Pitch,	75 to 77 s. 6 d.
Tar, Common,	60 s.
Tar, Green	70 s.
Pork,	25 l.
Beef,	7 l. 10 s.

By the Pound.

Indico, Flora,	30 to 40 s.
Indico, Copper,	20 to 27 s. 6
Indico, Purple,	20 to 27 s. 6
Indico, 2d Sort,	
Indico, 3d Sort,	
Deer Skins,	15 s. 9 d. to 14 s.
Ditto in the Hair,	7 s. 6 d. to 10 s.
Beaver Skins,	30 s.
Tann'd Leather,	4 s. to 4 s. 6
Pink Root,	5 s.
Snake Root	5 s.
Bees Wax,	6 s. 3
Myrtle Wax,	5 s.
Butter, *per firkin.*	3 l.
Tallow,	3 l.
Refined sugar,	5 s.

By the Hundred.

Cane reeds,	20 s.

By the Thousand.

Oranges,	4 l.
Shingles,	5 to 5 l. 10

White Oak

Staves, Pipe	45 l.
Staves, Hogshead	25 to 30 l.
Staves, Barrel,	12 to 14 l.

Red Oak.

Staves, Hogshead,	16 to 18 l.
Staves, Barrel	8 to 10 l.

By the Bushel.

Corn,	10 to 12 s. 6
Peafe,	15 s.
Rough Rice,	10 s.
Oats,	12 s. 6
Potatoes,	7 s. 6

Of IMPORTS.

Per Gall. by the Hogshead.

Jamaica Rum,	17 s. 6 to 20 s.
West-India,	13 s. 6 to 15 s.
Northward,	12 s. 6 to 13 s.
Melaffes	6 s. 3 d.

By the Pipe.

Madera Wine,	120 to 210 l.
Vidonia ditto,	100 to 120 l.
Fyal,	75 to 80

By the Hundred Weight.

Muſc. Sugar,	8 l. to 12 l. 10.
Clay'd ditto,	12 l. 10 s. to 15 l.
Flour,	4 l. to 5 l.
Ship Biſket,	5 l.
Bar Iron,	8 l. 10.
Coffee,	none
Cocoa,	25 l.
Pimento,	none

By the pound.

Northward. refin. fug.	4 s. 9 to 5

By the hundred feet.

Providence Mahogany, inch plank,	15 l.
Ditto, 3 inch,	12 l.

By the Ton.

Logwood,	35 l.
Brazilletto,	none
Lignum Vitæ,	none

By the Buſhel, per Quantity.

Fine Salt,	10 s.
Coarſe Salt	7 s. 6 d

By the Barrel.

Double Beer,	none
Single ditto,	none
Double Cyder,	none
Single ditto,	6 l.

New Advertisements.

ON Tueſday the 8th day of January 1765, will be holden, the anniverſary meeting of the CHARLES TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, at the houſe of Mr. Robert Dillon, where the members are deſired to attend preciſely at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM MASON, *Secretary.*

OGILVIE, FORBES, & MICHIE,

HAVE TO DISPOSE OF

TWO very genteel riding CHAIRS, with harneſſes, &c. compleat, juſt imported by Capt. Ball, jun. the price thirty guineas each, which is juſt coſt and charges: They have alſo an aſſortment of Cordage to be ſold much under the common advance, for ready money only; great choice of London and New-York Madera Wine, and a few cheſts of fine Havana Sugar to be ſold very cheap.

A SMALL white mare, with a ſwitch tail, mane hanging on the left ſide, hath an obſcure brand, and trotts.

A likely grey mare, about thirteen hands high, her mane part hanging on the mounting-ſide, and part hanging on the off-ſide, and branded on the off buttock and ſhoulder with a pretty large W.

An iron grey mare colt, upwards of two years old, branded on the mounting ſide JH, buttock and ſhoulder. The owners muſt prove their property before PHILIP SMITH, J.P.

November 26th, 1764.

MRs. Margaret Oſwald, informs me of a flea bitten grey gelding, thirteen hands three inches high, with a ſaddle gall on his back, about thirteen years old, trots freely, and is branded on the mounting buttock HL. The owner muſt prove his property before

December 6th, 1764. PHILIP SMITH, J. P.

CHARLES-TOWN, DEC. 1 1764.

PURSUANT to the Directions of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, for regulating the Price and Aſſize of BREAD, I have enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find it to be at *Four Pounds* and *Ten Shillings* per Hundred Pounds weight, at which Price the *Half Crown* Loaves are to weigh as follows, *viz.*

	lb.	*oz.*
WHITE,	2	4
WHEATEN,	3	6
HOUSHOLD,	4	8

JACOB MOTTE, Public-Treaſurer.

ROBERT DILLON,

HAVING met with ſundry diſappointments in the getting in his debts, and being at this time very much preſſed to diſcharge ſuch as he owes; is reduced to the neceſſity of apprizing his cuſtomers, that he muſt be obliged to take a method very diſagreeable, if ſuch gentlemen, as honour him with their favours, don't very ſhortly render in unneceſſ ry.

WOODDROP & CATHCART,

Have imported, in the Beaufain, *Capt.* Curling, *from* LONDON;

A Cargo of well choſen European and Eaſt-India GOODS, which, together with a large aſſortment of goods imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, are to be ſold at the loweſt prices, at their ſtore on the Bay. 58——63

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD,

HAS NOW TO DISPOSE OF,

At his CLOCK and WATCH WARE-HOUSE, on the North ſide of BROAD-STREET, near the WATCH-HOUSE, a moſt curious aſſortment of CLOCKS and WATCHES: Amongſt which are,

MUSICAL clocks which play from four to twelve tunes, with figures moving in the arch, as natural as life; moon clocks, with high-water at Charles-Town; ditto with a face in the arch, the eyes of which move in imitation of life: All in beautiful mahogany caſes, ornamented with ſolid braſs gilt. Gold watches that ſtrike the hour, quarter and half quarter; gold ſtop-watches, with ſeconds in the center; plain and chaſed ditto, from £ 140 to £ 120; ſilver and mettal watches, in various caſes, from £ 25 to £ 80, ſome of a new conſtruction, *and the watches at £ 25 price of the ſame ſort as are ſold in London at Four Guineas.*

The gentlemen that have been ſo kind to favour Mr. Lockwood with their orders, and wait their arrival, are hereby informed that their Clocks and Watches are now come over and ready to be delivered.

N. B. His Siſter has juſt imported, a few very neat ſattin CARDINALS and HATS, which ſhe will ſell very low for CASH. t.f.

JAMES and WILLIAM LENNOX,

Have imported in the Friendſhip, Capt. Ball, the Heart of Oak, Capt. Gunn, and the Beaufain, Capt. Curling, from London,

AN aſſortment of European and India goods, among which are, a variety of chints, callicoes, cottons, ſtuffs, ſilks, with ſuitable trimmings, lawns, cambricks, white bed lace and taſſels, broad cloths and ready made cloaths, &c. &c. &c. All which they will ſell at their ſtore in Elliott-ſtreet, on very reaſonable terms. 58—63

ALEXANDER LEARMONTH, TANNER and CURRIER,

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has taken Mr. Wilſon's tanyard, on White-Point, near Mr. Lamboll's bridge, and has had the whole put into good order; where he carries on the tanning and currying buſineſs, in all their different branches.

Shoemakers, ſaddlers, coach and harneſs makers, cabinet makers and all others may be ſupplied with leather for their different uſes, on giving a few days notice.

Tanners and others may have all ſorts of hides curried in the neateſt manner, ſuperior to any in the province, and very reaſonable.

N.B. A tanner, white or black, wanted on hire.

A WOMAN of a good character, That will undertake to teach KNITTING, in a family, may hear of a good place, by applying to the Printer of this Gazette, provided ſhe is *well recommended:* None other need apply.

EIGHT hogſheads of earthen ware, to be ſold under prime coſt and charges, by *Logan, Guerin, & Vanderhorſt.*

NORTHWARD and WEST-INDIA *RUM*, in hogſheads and quarter-caſks, LOAF SUGAR by the hundred weight, VIDONIA and PYAL *WINES* in pipes and quarter-caſks, *Northward* CHEESE, MACKREL, CHOCOLATE by the box or dozen, with ſundry OTHER ARTICLES, all but lately imported, will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms, *on the BAY*, by

eſt. DAVID STODDARD.

TO BE SOLD, for no Fault,

AN exceeding good boatman, who is well acquainted with the coaſting buſineſs, the owner having no employ for him. Inquire of the printer. t.b.e.t.f.

BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN,

Have juſt imported, in the Sea Nymph, Capt. Grant, from London,

A Parcel of new cordage, of different ſizes, among which are a cable of eleven inches, one of ten, one of eight, and ſeveral leſſer ones; which they will ſell under the uſual advance, for caſh or ſhort credit.

They have alſo to diſpoſe of, choice Vidonia wine, and a few pipes of good Madera.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Purſuant *to the laſt Will of* JAMES BAGBY, *late of the Pariſh of* St. Stephen *in this Province, Planter, deceaſed, dated the* 12th *Day of* January, 1761.

NOTICE is hereby given to his Uncles and Aunts, on the Part of the Father and their Children, and they, or ſome of them, are deſired to appear, on or before the 13th *Day of* January 1766, *with ſufficient Teſtimonials of their Propinquity and Relation to him; or to tranſmit ſuch Teſtimonials, with Power and Authority to receive on their Behalf, the Legacies by the ſaid Will given and bequeathed to them; on failure of which the Shares or Legacies bequeathed to them, will be paid and divided to, and amongſt ſeveral Perſons of the name of* DAVIS, *in this Province, agreeable to the ſaid Will.*

DAVID DAVIS,
WILLIAM JAMIESON,
THEODORE GOURDINS, } Executors

TO BE SOLD *very reaſonable,*

A TRACT of land, containing ſeven hundred and fifty acres, ſituated very pleaſantly on Savannah river, within eight miles above the town, on the mouth of Auguſtine creek, joining the lands of Mr. Wylly, Auguſtus Cuthbert, Bullach and Vaw Munch; the ſaid land contains a large tide-ſwamp, and the reſt is chiefly pine land, fit for ſawing,—as the mouth of the creek is within the ſaid land, it has a very great conveniency for building of mills of any kind. Alſo, A ſwamp of between four and five hundred acres, ſituated at the head of river, about ſix miles from Savannah, without Mr. Baker's barony, exceeding good for corn and indico, alſo ſome prime land. A ſloop may load at the landing, and any veſſel may come within two miles of it; the land is bounded on a creek on which a ſaw-mill is now erected. It has a houſe, barn, garden, and a great number of mulberry and fruit trees; about fifty acres are under a good fence, and it never yet wanted water in the drieſt ſeaſon to make indico, the whole an exceeding healthy and pleaſant ſituation.

Likewiſe one hundred acres in Purryſburg townſhip, about three miles above the town, joining eaſt on lands to which no owner appears, weſt on Savannah river, a large body of pine barren, ſuppoſed to be vacant, is contiguous, and it has the advantage of a bluff that never overflows. Alſo, One hundred and twenty-ſeven acres right oppoſite, exceeding rich land, with a convenient place for a ſettlement, and well ſtocked with oak and cypreſs. Theſe two tracts to be ſold together.

Whoever inclines to purchaſe may treat with Mr. John Hodſden, in whoſe hands the plats are to be ſeen. c. 72.

WILLIAM LOOCOCK,

Has juſt imported in the America, Capt. Coombes, from London, and to be ſold much cheaper than uſual, at his Medicinal WARE-HOUSE, in Broad-Street.

A LARGE and COMPLEAT aſſortment of druggs, with chemical and Galenical preparations of all kinds, family medicines, &c. viz. Doctor Kayſer's famous pills for the venereal diſeaſe, balſam of honey and bardana, doctor Ward's white drops for clearing the ſkin of pimples, and effectually curing the ſcurvy in the gums and elſewhere, his eſſence for the head ach, Jeſuits drops, Stewart's Greenough's, Jackon's, and tooth ach tinctures, Daffy's, Boſtock's, Radcliffe's, and Squire's elixirs, Lockyer's, Anderſon's, Hooper's and Chaſe's pills, golden and plain ſpirits of ſcurvy graſs, Britiſh oil, Bateman's drops, Stoughton's bitters, Turlington's balſam of life, Godfrey's cordial, James's fever powders, Swanburg's liquid ſteel, Fraunces's female elixir, eau de luce, large and ſmall bottles hungary water and lavender, a large aſſorment of perfumery, honey water, waſh balls, teeth brushes, and do. powder, beſt ſallad oil in quart and pint bottles, common ditto, linſeed ditto, caſtile ſoap by the box or pound, copperas and verdigreaſe, red lead, and ivory black, a parcel of near fixtures for practitioners, urinals, nipple glaſſes, glaſs funnels and pewter do. Pyrmont and Spaw water, brown & white candy, barley ſugar and almonds, pearl barley & ſagoe, ſpectacles, lancets, beſt and common, with neat caſes, capital and pocket inſtruments, ſteel truſſes with double and ſingle pads, ivory and pewter ſyringes, large and ſmall bell metal mortars and peſtles, marble do. of all ſizes, copper ſtills with worms, alembicks, quart bottles, ſheep ſkins for Free-maſons aprons, muſhrooms, capers, and wallnuts, Scorch, Spaniſh, Brazil and rappee ſnuffs, cordial waters, fennel ſeeds, diſpenſatories, nice citron in jars, phials, gallypots, pill boxes, ſcales and weights.

N. B. Boxes of medicines with directions, for plantations and ſhips uſe, as uſual.

EDWARD WEYMAN

Returns his moſt hearty Thanks to all his former FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS, for their great kindneſs, and hopes the ſame will be continued, in favour of

WEYMAN & CARNE,

WHO will, with great diligence, endeavour to oblige thoſe either in town or country, that ſhall be pleaſed to employ them in any of the ſeveral branches of CABINET-MAKING, at their LOOKING-GLASS ſhop in *Queen-Street*, near Mr. *Daniel Cannon's*.

They alſo beg leave to acquaint their cuſtomers and others, that they expect a general aſſortment of LOOKING-GLASSES from *London*, in a ſhort time.—At preſent, they have pier, chimney, dreſſing and ſhaving-glaſſes, ſcolloped and plain mahogany tea-waiters, bottle boards, lined with green cloth; which they will diſpoſe of *(for ready money only)* at a lower advance than can be afforded by any other in the province.

N.B. They give the beſt price for broken FLINT and LOOKING GLASS.

TO BE SOLD,

A tract of land, commonly known by the name of Chuli Finny-neck, pleaſantly ſituated between Chuli Finny and Cooſawhatchie-bridge, in Prince-William's pariſh.

CONTAINING about 2000 acres, proper for corn and indico, and upwards of 400 very good rice land; has five ſettlements on it, with good dwelling-houſes and out-buildings, two of which under good fence, with two ſetts of new indico vats, and ſufficient reſerves; one ſettlement fronts Broad-river, and affords an extenſive and agreeable proſpect, about ſix miles from Port-Royal-Iſland, and about 500 acres hard feeding marſh; the whole tract ſo ſituated that a mile and a half of fence will incloſe it entirely. Whoever inclines to purchaſe all or any part may apply to Andrew Deveaux, ſen. in Prince-William's pariſh, or Dewar and Bacot, in Charles-Town. 51—63

WILLIAM ROBINSON,

RETURNS his moſt hearty thanks to all his friends and cuſtomers, who have heretofore employ'd him, and hopes the ſame will continue, as he will, with great diligence, endeavour to oblige thoſe, either in town or country, that ſhall be pleaſed to employ him in any of the ſeveral branches of coach, chaiſe, and coach-harneſs making, and repairing, which will be done after the neweſt taſte, and with quick diſpatch; and he has alſo ſome neat new chairs to diſpoſe of, at a moſt reaſonable rate, where he now lives at Mr. Perkins's old ſhop, in New Church-ſtreet, oppoſite the White meeting. c. 67

VERY fine JAMAICA RUM, in hogſheads and in porter caſks, muſcovado SUGAR, choice BUTTER in kegs. Alſo Briſtol ſtrouds, and other Indian trading goods, which, with a very large ſtock of freſh and well bought dry goods, will be ſold as cheap as they can be got any where in town, by

58—63 LOGAN, GUERIN, & VANDERHORST.

Now ſelling at NINE for ONE, by Nowell, Davies, and Ancrum,

The following goods, which were imported in the Union, *Capt.* Smith, *and the laſt veſſels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL.

A Compleat aſſortment of cordage, from a ſpunyarn to an eleven inch cable, ſail cloth, anchors, grapnals, nails of all ſorts, quadrants, Engliſh pump leather, and all ſorts of ſhip chandlery; carpenters, joiners, and ſmiths tools, Engliſh and German ſteel, beſt double rolled plate iron, ſheet lead, braſs kettles and lamps, mens and womens ſhoes, chair-harneſs and ſaddlery of all ſorts, Iriſh linen, ſheeting, and ſheeting holland, ſacking, checks, britannias, platilloes, piſtol lawns, long lawns, clear and flowered lawns and cambricks, Indian trading callicoes, printed linens, callicoes and India chintz, bed ticking, checked handkerchers, printed linen handkerchers, India ſilk handkerchers, white lawn handkerchers with white borders, pavillion gauze, nankeens, white chintz, muſlin, Iriſh, Scots and German oſnaburgs, ticklinburg, ravens duck, Ruſſia diaper and Ruſſia ſheeting, brown hollands, Yorkſhire huckaback, buckram, brown and white rolls, white, blue and green plains, ſtrouds, duffil blankets, and ſhag end ditto, glaſs candle-ſhades, tumblers, wine-glaſſes, beer-glaſſes, and glaſs mugs, threads of all ſorts, linſeed oil and paints of all colours, neat braſs wire and iron wire-cages, cutlery, writing paper, hoſiery, earthen and ſtone ware, china, ribbons, callimanco, thrumbs, cruels, gold and ſilver lace and buttons, felt, caſtor and beaver hats, womens faſhionable hats, flaſket baſkets, bohea and ſuper fine hyſon tea, Bibles, Teſtaments, Primers, Dyche's Spelling-Books, Pſalters, Horn-Books and Common-Prayer Books, family medicines, &c. which, with many articles too tedious to be here particulariſed, they will REALLY ſell for the above advance by retail, and much cheaper wholeſale.

They have alſo to ſell, exceeding low.

Choice old Coniac brandy, rum, ſhip bread, milk and water biſcuit in kegs, ſalt, train oil, bar iron and plough-ſhare moulds.

The co-partnerſhip of Hooper, Swallow and company, and Hooper, Swallow and Poole, being diſſolved by the death of Tho. Hooper,

Newman, Swallow, & Thomas Poole,

Surviving Co-partners,

HAVING removed to the houſe on the Bay, formerly poſſeſſed by Meſſrs. Harvey and Philip, and lately by Mr. Richard Milford: Will ſell the goods remaining in town and at Bacon Bridge, at *eight* and *an half* for one, with a conſiderable allowance on taking the whole ſtock together.

They will likewiſe diſpoſe of their lands and buildings at Bacon Bridge: The ſituation of the place, for trade, needs no recommendation, as it is well known to be one of the beſt in the province. They will be obliged to thoſe whoſe accompts have been longer ſtanding than the firſt of January 1764, to call and ſettle, as there is an abſolute neceſſity for the ſame being done.—Rice or indico will be taken in payment at market price. t. f.

GRIFFITH and CAPE,

HAVE juſt imported in the Friendſhip, Capt. Ball, from London, a very large and compleat aſſortment of goods, fit for the preſent and approaching ſeaſons, amongſt which are the following articles,

CROWLEY's broad and narrow hoes, felling axes, ſhip and houſe carpenters adzes, ſteel ſpades with round welded ſockets, ſad irons, hinges of all kinds, ſtock, pad and cloſet locks, box, deſk, cheſt and beaufet ditto, a variety of carpenters tools, ſpring rat traps, chafing diſhes, ſhovels and tongs, grid irons, Indian corn mills, coffee mills, kitchen and chamber bellows, wool and cotton cards, ſein and ſail twine, Dutch ſhoe thread, kitchen dogs, with racks, ballaſt ſhovels. A VERY COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT OF LONDON CORDAGE, from an eight inch cable to a ſpunyarn.—London and Bridgeport ſail cloth from No. 1 to 8, with almoſt every article in the SHIP CHANDLERY WAY. Matraſſes, bed blankets, check'd linens, and cottons of all kinds, bed bunts, cotton counterpanes, flower'd and plain India dimities, braſs caſters and ſcrews, braſs chair nails, lacqur'd coffin ditto, braſs fenders of different fixes.—Pewter and tin ware of all kinds, mens neat leather ſhoes and pumps, boys, womens and girls do. a variety of womens colour'd everlaſting and damaſk ſhoes and pumps, ditto ſattin—mens neat ſingle channel boots—raiſins and currants, Jordan almonds, blue rugg and fear-nought great coats, roqueloes, cloth and whitney ſurtouts—threads of all kinds—mens and boys beaver, caſtor and felt hats—youths ſilver laced ditto—ſailors ditto, bound with yellow—Dutch caps—womens furr'd hats—check'd handkerchiefs, London and Briſtol ſtrip'd duffils—mahogony ſconce and ſwing glaſſes—Rogers's cut and dry'd tobacco, low and high dried Scotch ſnuff.—Neat fowling pieces, with ſilver ſights, piſtols with iron and braſs barrel—a ſet of Strange's prints in gold edge frames and glaſſes, a few ſets of metzotinto do. and a ſet of very curious Chineſe pieces—A large aſſortment of gold and ſilver lace and buttons—pickles of all kinds—Godfrey's cordial, Bateman's drops, Stoughton's elixir—Turlington's balſam, James's powders, Epſom ſalts, and Britiſh oil—a very compleat collection of China ware, all ſorts of cutlery and ſtationary—white, green, ſcarlet and faſhionable colour'd ſuperfine broad cloths, with trimmings—coarſe cloths, beaſkin, plain ſcarlet and blue whitney, fit for men's winter wear—Iriſh linen of all kinds—a great variety of Engliſh and India chints, neat chints bed furniture—a few pieces of fine GOLD PRINTED LINENS for ladies wear, of a new and curious invention, for which the maker has obtain'd the King's patent—Diaper and damaſk table cloths,—ſets of damaſk tabling—blue, green, white, cream and crow colour'd India Perſians—ladies figur'd mode and ſattin cloaks, ditto's faſhionable hats and Queen's bonets—ſcarlet cardinals, trimm'd with ermine—black ſcollop'd lace, head lace—boot legs and vamps—mens neat London made doe and buckſkin breeches—ribbons of all kinds—Mecklenburg fans—ſtuffs for womens winter wear, amongſt which are ſome pieces of Strelitz, Granby cheques, &c.—Plain luteſtrings, rich black armegines for ladies gowns—womens ſcarlet cloaks, and quilted coats, black ruſſet, black princeſs ſtuff—a curious collection of necklaces and earrings, of the neweſt taſte and faſhion—floor cloths, &c. &c. which, with their former ſtock on hand, imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, they will ſell on very reaſonable terms, at their ſtore on the Bay. t.f.

Advertisements.

Charles-Town, Nov. 26, 1764.

THE FIRE-MASTERS

GIVE NOTICE,

THAT, in consequence of the great neglect of many of the inhabitants of Charles-Town, in providing buckets and ladders, keeping their chimneys swept clean, and of observing many other directions, required by the laws now in force, wherein the safety and interest of the whole community are nearly concerned, they are determined to carry the said laws strictly into execution: And that none may plead ignorance, the following abstracts are now published for their information, which the fire-masters request all persons concerned strictly to observe.

GABRIEL MANIGAULT,
BENJAMIN SMITH,
THOMAS SMITH,
GEORGE SHEED,
WILLIAM ANCRUM,
} Fire Masters.

It is enacted, that every owner or tenant of every dwelling house in Charles-Town shall provide a leathern bucket of six quarts at least, for every fire hearth in such dwelling-house, one fourth part of the whole to be sent to the managers of the fire engines; they are also to provide one ladder of a convenient length for each dwelling-house; which buckets and ladders are to be always ready in case of fire, on pain of forfeiting the sum of Ten pounds; also, a penalty of Thirty shillings for every bucket withheld, or refused in time of fire, and if any buckets shall be lost at such time, the fire-masters are to supply the owners with others in the room of them.

The charge of providing buckets and ladders is to be borne and paid by the landlords and owners of houses; but as the said charges may be often paid by the tenant in possession, who is made liable in case of neglect, it is lawful for such tenant to deduct so much out of his rent as he shall from time to time expend in providing buckets and ladders.

It shall be lawful for the fire-masters to enter into the houses, out houses, stables and yards, of every owner or tenant, to enquire if they are provided with buckets and ladders; and also to view, search and examine, if any quantities of hay, straw, pitch, tar, rosin, turpentine, oil, tallow, sulphurous or combustible matters are lodged in any place within the same, which may be in danger of taking fire; and if they find there is danger, it is lawful for them, after having admonished the owner of such house or houses, to remove such combustible matter (in case of refusing or neglecting to remove the same) at the charge of the owner. All persons who shall suffer their chimneys to take fire, and blaze out at the top, shall forfeit the sum of Five pounds.

Upon any alarm in the night time, every inhabitant is to repair to the place where the fire is, with his arms, under the penalty of Forty shillings, and shall lodge them in such place, near the fire, as shall be appointed by the fire-masters, and the commander of the watch is to order a party of the watch to guard the same. All goods and effects removed, are directed to be carried to the place where the arms are directed to be lodged and guarded. The constables are to appear with their staves, and assist in guarding the said goods and effects, till removed to some other place of safety, under the penalty of Five pounds. Any person that embezzles any goods or effects, are to be pilloried, have their ears cut off, and forfeit four times the value thereof.

The fire-masters are impowered to command any person or persons whatsoever, to aid and assist in pulling down houses or buildings, for extinguishing of fires, to the utmost of their strength, power and ability; and in case of refusal, if a white person, he shall forfeit Five pounds, and if a slave, he shall be publickly whipped. All persons who shall do or execute any thing in obedience to the fire-masters, are indemnified against all persons whatsoever.

Remarkable or considerable services, in preventing or extinguishing fires, are to be rewarded by the fire-masters; and in case any person shall be wounded, maimed, or disabled, in endeavouring to prevent or extinguish fire, a reasonable allowance, maintainance, or provision will be made for such persons.

The masters or managers of the engines may command any person or persons whosoever that shall be nearest at hand, when any fire breaks out, to aid and assist in conveying the engines to the place where the fire shall be. A white person refusing shall forfeit Forty shillings, and a slave is to be publickly whipped. A reward of Forty shillings to every white person, and Twenty shillings to every slave, to be paid to those who carry the first engine to the place where the fire first breaks out.

THE OLD AND NOTED

TAVERN,

Late MARSHAL's, on the BAY,

IS now kept, in the same way, by the subscriber: Who takes this public method of returning thanks for the singular favours already conferred on him; and hopes for a continuance, as his whole study will be to accommodate every one that is pleased to encourage him, in the genteelest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

JOHN TUKE.

N. B. He will be much obliged to those, indebted to him for schooling, that will be pleased to discharge their accompts.

SARAH SWALLOW,

Has just imported in the Heart-of-Oak, *Capt.* Gunn, *and other late vessels from* LONDON:

ENGLISH and India chints and callicoes, linens, printed cold flowers, Bengal stripes, cambricks, plain and flower'd lawns, book muslin, plain, striped and flower'd gauze, blond and head lace, fashionable plain and figur'd ribbons, black and colour'd English and India persians, pucker'd silk petticoats, baby baskets, lined and quilted with satin and dimity, suits of baby-cloaths and robes, Italian and silver breast flowers, fashionable gauze caps and flys, Scotch lawn handkerchiefs border'd, printed linen ditto, set stone ear-rings and necklaces, best French wax ditto; an assortment of China, among which are several compleat tea setts, boys satin caps and hats with gold tassels, pucker'd stomachers and sleeve-knots, &c. &c. Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms, at her store in Tradd-Street. 59—65.

A PAIR OF SILVER SPURS FOUND,

THE owner applying to *Nathaniel Scott*, Brewer, in Friend-street describing it, and paying for this advertisement, may have it again.

EDWARD BLAKE,

TAKES this method to acquaint the public, that he has rented a wharf, at the south end of Charles-Town bay (called Roper's wharf) on which there are very good brick stores, and a good pack-house with screws, &c. for packing skins. Such gentlemen as please to order their boats to said wharf, may depend on the greatest dispatch and care in unloading, or storing, or packing their goods. And as he purposes selling the COUNTRY PRODUCE, on the usual commission, those Gentlemen, that please to employ him as their factor, may depend on the strictest attention to their interest, and he hopes he shall be able to give entire satisfaction.

He has to sell, at Mr. John Savage's store, in Tradd-Street, very good Jamaica and Windward-islands rum, by the hogshead or quarter cask, very good muscovado sugar by the barrel, best Philadelphia superfine flour in barrels and kegs of 56 to 60 pounds neat, which he will sell at £. 7 per keg, and large salt at Twelve shillings and six pence per bushel. He has also to sell a parcel of indigo seed.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all persons having demands on the PUBLIC, that they do bring in accompts thereof, attested upon oath, to the Public Treasurer, on or before the first day of January next, in order to their being laid before the assembly.

JACOB MOTTE.

Treasurer's-Office, October 18, 1764.

DAVID and JOHN DEAS,

Inform their friends, that they have just imported, in the Heart of Oak, Capt. Gunn, from London, and the last vessels from Bristol:

A LARGE AND COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of GOODS, the whole chosen out by DAVID DEAS, and bought on good Terms. To be sold at a reasonable advance, at their store, on the Bay.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU

Has just imported, in the brigantine Charles-Town Packet, Thomas Mayon master, from Philadelphia:

SUPER FINE and common flour, in whole, half and quarter barrels and kegs. Single and double refin'd loaf sugar, milk and water biscuit in kegs.

He has also just imported, in the Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn master, from London, coarse and fine yard wide Irish linens, yard wide checks, Scotch checks, cotton romalls, twine, and 9-8th Irish linens. And in the Hopewell, Capt. Pitt, from Bristol, blue plains, and a quantity of red lead. As he has no other dry goods than the above articles, he will dispose of them at Nine for One, cash only; by the piece.

He once more intreats all who's accompts have been standing for three or four years past, to discharge the same immediately.

CARNE & WILSON,

Have imported in the Heart-of-Oak, *Capt.* Henry Gunn, *from* LONDON:

A large and compleat ASSORTMENT of DRUGGS, Chemical, Galenicial and Family MEDICINES, of established character, and warranted genuine: Among which are,

WARD'S head-ach drops, liquid sweat, Jesuits drops, &c. &c. a great variety of pickles, spices of all kinds, Florence, linseed, rape, and plaister oils, Welton's high and low dried Scots snuff rappee in canisters, Durham flour of mustard, brown and white candy, barley sugar, raisins, currants, prunes and best Turkey figs, Jordan almonds, Pyrmont, Lavender, Hungary, Honey, best double distilled orange-flower and rose waters, marble wash-balls, scented hair powder, finest saphire, eau-de-luce, eau-sans-pareil, &c. &c. compleat setts of capital and pocket instruments, lancets of all prices, tooth instruments, scales and weights, &c. fine strong pewter alembicks, large and small specie glasses with lacquered covers, ointment and syrup pots with ditto, flint bottles with ground stoppers from two quarts down to one ounce, a large assortment of phials and galley-pots, Nairn's best six and four feet telescopes, an assortment of garden seeds, &c. &c.

The above articles are chosen, and purchased upon the best terms by Mr. Carne, who now resides in LONDON, and will be sold cheaper than ever has been done in this province, at their old shop on the Bay, near the Vendue-House.

ALL persons, shipping rice or other goods, in the sloopner, of which I am part owner, have notice, that they do it entirely at their own risque, for the owners will not be answerable for any loss or accident, that may befall the same.

RICHARD BEDON.

THE subscribers, Commissioners for the Bridges in St. George's parish, having assessed the residents and non-residents, *Eighteen Shillings* and *Six Pence* per head, on all males from the age of 16 to 60 years of age, for repairing the several Bridges in the aforesaid parish; desire all persons concerned, to pay the same to John Joor, Esq; or Mr. William Joor, in Dorchester, on or before the first monday in January next. Otherwise executions will be granted directly by

ELIJAH POSTELL,
HENRY MIDDLETON,
JOHN WARING,
JOHN SKENE,
JOHN AIKELIE,
DANIEL BLAKE,
JOHN CATTELL, (Son of Peter)

ALL persons to whom *John Coming Ball*, late of the parish of St. John, Berkley county, stood indebted at the time of his decease, are requested to send in accompts of their respective demands to the subscriber, Executor of his last Will and Testament, or to leave such accompts in the hands of *Henry Laurens*, in Charles-Town,

ELIAS BALL, of Hyde Park.

SEVERAL casks of well assorted IRONMONGERY, suitable for plantation use, and a few bales of Scotch OSNABRUGS; to be sold cheap,

MIDDLETON, LISTON, & HOPE.

JACOB and SOLOMON PROBY,

BRASS-FOUNDERS,

Beg Leave to give this PUBLIC NOTICE,

THAT they have removed their shop from King-street, to the corner of Broad and Meeting-streets, opposite to the new Church, where brass fenders, hand irons, fences, candlesticks, gun mountings, stirrups, house ornaments, mill work, cocks, house and horse bells, harness work, spoon moulds, and all other kinds of Founders work is done reasonably and expeditiously. They likewise mend and tin copper kettles, and mend china; and give the best price for old copper, brass, pewter, &c. &c.

STOPPED from a negro fellow, last night, (suspected to be stolen) about Eight hundred and fifteen lines, in a crocus bag. The owner may have them when property proved, and this advertisement paid for, of

November 23, 1764. PHILLIP GRUBER.

TO BE SOLD,

ON board a large top sail scooner, lying at the south-side of the market wharf, good New-England RUM, by the hogshead or quarter-cask, at a very low price, for cash.

THEODORE GAILLARD, jun. & Co.

Have just imported from London and Bristol, a large cargo of goods, amongst which are the following articles, viz.

A LARGE assortment of fashionable broad cloths with trimmings suitable, a large parcel of Irish shirting and sheeting linens, tatting and napkining diaper, and Russia huckaback, a variety of fine chints, printed cottons, and fine furniture chints, printed counterpains, ribbons, tans, wax necklaces, gloves of the newest fashion, head, minionet and blond lace, queen's stuffs, Scotch plaids, a single horse chaise, cheese and split peale, &c. &c. &c. Which they will sell (with a variety of other articles) on the most reasonable terms, at their store in Broad Street.

A few pieces of very handsome silks, of the newest fashion, to be sold at Eight for One advance.

N. B. Two coils of cordage six and an half, and four and an half inches, to be sold at prime cost.

TO BE LET,

FROM and after the 20th of December next. Two lots on the west end of Broad street, on one of which is a good house of six rooms, four closets, and a large pantry; also a kitchen and out house, and other conveniences. For particulars inquire of Thomas Young, senior, the present possessor, or Mr. John Wish, either of which will let the same.

N. B. THOMAS YOUNG being to move from thence, has a parcel of goods to dispose of cheap; also some shrubs, trees, roots, &c. among which are a great number of Cork, walnut, with some chesnut and almond trees, with squill and other medicinal roots and seeds; also a great variety of roots and seeds, which he wants to dispose of, cheap, for ready money.

Just imported, in the Heart-of-Oak, *Capt.* Henry Gunn, *from* LONDON, *and to be sold, by*

WOODDROP & CATHCART,

BEST bohea and hyson tea, currants, raisins and almonds, spices and pickles of all kinds, sweet oil, mustard, Polard starch, linseed oil, white lead, yellow ocker and Spanish brown, powder and shot of all sizes, and a compleat assortment of china.

Also, in the Hopewell, from Bristol,

White plains, iron pots, 4, 6, 10 and 20 d. nails, spikes and sheathing ditto, earthen and stone ware, window glass, hunters pipes, lampblack, tumblers, decanters, wine-glasses, &c. &c.

THOMAS GOVEN, of Wassamsaw, informs me of the following stray'd horses, which broke into his pasture.

A bay thirteen hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder K, and on the off buttock T and a heart.

A black, about twelve and a half hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder T with a ring joined to it.

A cream coloured, fifteen hands high, branded M, on the mounting and off shoulders.

A dapple grey, twelve and a half hands high, with several obscure brands.

A red and white bull, coming three years old, and two pied black and white heifers, coming three years old, all three unmarked. The owners must prove their property before

PETER TAYLOR, J. P.

A SPINNET to be sold cheap, *AND may be seen at the house of Mr.* Peter Bouquet *in* Broad-street. *Inquire of* ANDREW D'ELLIENT.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Town of BEAUFORT, *on wednesday the* 19*th of* December *next, if a fair day.*

PART of the personal estate of *James Smyth*, late of *St. Helena* parish, deceased, consisting of several valuable pieces of PLATE, mahogany tables and chairs, feather beds, a pair of neat looking-glasses, and many other useful pieces of furniture; also a neat collection of useful BOOKS, a compleat set of Surveyors Instruments, a neat quadrant, and several other Mathematical Instruments, a plough and harrows, with compleat tackling for six horses, in the English taste; with several other useful plantation tools; about nine head of horses, and several other articles too tedious to mention. All sums under twenty pounds to be paid in cash, for all above, credit will be given to the first day of March next, paying interest and giving security if required. All persons indebted to said estate are desired to make payment, and those who have any demands, to bring in their accompts properly attested by the day of sale, to

FRANCIS STUART, *Administrator.*

N. B. To be leased for a term of years, a pleasant PLANTATION on Cooshaw river, fit for indico and cotton.

GEORGE BALFOUR,

Living in Church-ſtreet, oppoſite the houſe of Jacob Motte, *Eſq;*

TAKES this public method of returning his ſincere thanks to his friends and cuſtomers, for their favours and the encouragement he has received: At the ſame time, begs leave to inform them, and others, that being now ſupplied with YEAST, he will bake BREAD and make ROLES, in the ſame manner as done in the city of London: For all perſons that chuſe the ſame, he will have HOT ROLES from SEVEN TO EIGHT o'clock in the morning. He likewiſe bakes butter and plain BISKET of all ſorts, and LOAF BREAD with LEAVEN, as uſual.

N. B. He will be much obliged to thoſe perſons whoſe accompts have been due ſometime, to ſettle the ſame; eſpecially them whoſe accompts have been a long while delivered in.

Now ſelling, at a very low advance, for CASH or SHORT CREDIT, by

JOHN GILES,

At his STORE in ELLIOTT-STREET:

A LARGE and freſh aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable for the place and ſeaſon, which were juſt imported in the Friendſhip, Capt. Samuel Ball, and the laſt veſſels from *LONDON*. Alſo for ſale, Batavia Arrack, old Coniac Brandy, Geneva, old Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward Rum, New-York, Madera and other wines as uſual, bohea and hyſon Tea, Coffee, muſcovado and loaf Sugar, Salt, Iron, Butter (from the Iriſh ſettlements) Tallow, Flour, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD, *At Auction,*

At the houſe of the late Mr. ISAAC HOLMES, in Broad-Street, on Wedneſday the 12th day of December next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon.

THE HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, of the ſaid Mr. Iſaac Holmes, a very good eight-day clock, and a harpſichord. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WALDREN and BOUNETHEAU,

Beg leave to give this public notice to their friends,

THAT they have entered into copartnerſhip, in the factorage buſineſs, which they intend carrying on in all its branches, having ſupplied themſelves with good boats for that purpoſe, and a convenient compting houſe on Mr. Motte's wharf: Thoſe gentlemen that are pleaſed to employ them, may depend on the ſtricteſt adherence to their intereſt, and they flatter themſelves to be able to give intire ſatisfaction.—They will engage to load any veſſels wanting lumber, on as ſhort notice as can be poſſible, with as merchantable lumber as any in the province, and on the eaſieſt terms. t. f.

OLD FYAL WINES, equal in quality to Vidonia, to be ſold cheap, by

t.f. SHIRLEY & MARTIN.

THE commiſſioners of Fortifications intend to have platforms laid in Broughton's battery, of good cypreſs, in the ſame manner as the preſent platforms are.

Any perſons willing to undertake the workmanſhip thereof, are deſired to give in their propoſals immediately, to

Nov. 28th, 1764. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

NOrthward RUM, ſuper-fine FLOUR, old French BRANDY in Quarter Caſks, Windſor CHAIRS, barrelled BEEF and PORK, an aſſortment of CORDAGE, and ſundry other Articles, to be ſold cheap, by SHIRLEY & MARTYN.

Who have alſo to diſpoſe of, a quantity of Live-Oak TIMBER, now lying at *Roper's* Wharf. t. f.

BENFIELD and JONES,

Have juſt imported, in the Delight, Capt. Sumners, and other veſſels from Briſtol,

WHITE, blue, green and drab coloured plains, window glaſs, &c.

They have alſo imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a very compleat aſſortment of goods, proper for the approaching ſeaſon, among which are broad cloths of all kinds, with trimmings, Iriſh linen, garlix, checks, printed linens, cottons and callicoes, chints, cotton holland, plaids, blue, green, ſcarlet, crimſon, black and drab colour'd hair ſhagge, callimancoes, ſtriped and plain cambletts, worſted damaſks, mens and boys leather ſhoes, womens and girls callimanco ſhoes, mens and womens ſilk hoſe, mens, womens, boys and girls worſted, cotton and thread hoſe, ſilk and worſted breeches patterns, a large aſſortment of ironmongery, ſaddlery and tin ware, braſs and copper kettles, tea kettles, and coffee potts with lamps, japan'd tea kitchens, compleat ſets tea china, china plates, diſhes, tea and coffee cups and ſaucers, tea, coffee, and milk pots, ſlop baſons, punch bowls, &c. floor and bedſide carpets, four and ſix leaf ſcreens, mahogony tea cheſts, tea boards, and bottle ſtands, and a very great variety of other articles, too tedious to mention, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms.

N. B. They have ſome beſt Batavia arrack in quart bottles, which they will ſell cheap.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the 20th day of July, 1764.

RESOLVED, That no accompts, by which any money is claimed, as due from the public, ſhall hereafter be received, unleſs the ſame ſhall be delivered in, to the Treaſurer within twelve months from the time the ſervice for which the ſame is demanded has been incurred.

THAT the Treaſurer do, upon his receiving every accompt brought in to charge the public, indorſe the day of his receiving the ſame.

THAT the Treaſurer be ſerved with a copy of the ſaid reſolutions; and that the ſame be printed in the *Gazette* of this province. *THOMAS BROMLEY*, Clerk.

TO BE HIRED, a ſenſible HOUSE WENCH, who has been uſed to all ſorts of houſe work, and to wait on a gentleman. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

STRAYED from *Dorcheſter*, the three following horſes, viz. One a dark bay horſe, ſix years old, branded on the nigh ſhoulder 8 T, and on the nigh buttock $\frac{8}{T}$. Alſo a black horſe, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock IC, a trotter. Likewiſe a ſorrel horſe, about 13 hands and an half high, with a white face, branded G G, a trotter. Any perſon or perſons bringing the ſaid horſes, or any of them to Dorcheſter, ſo that I can have them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward for each.

56——58 JAMES McCLENACHAN.

For ROTTERDAM,

(To ſail in Six Weeks)

The Ship PATIENT MARY, WILLIAM SINGLETON, Maſter,

BEING an exceeding good veſſel, burthen about Eight hundred barrels of rice, and has very good accommodations. For freight or paſſage apply to ſaid maſter, or to WILLIAM BANBURY.

For BRISTOL,

The ſhip PRINCE FERDINAND, JAMES CARBRY, Commander,

A Handy veſſel, half of her cargo already engaged, is now ready to take on board, and will ſail with all expedition. For freight of the remainder, apply to

November 24th, 1764. BRAILSFORD and CHAPMAN.

For COWES and ROTTERDAM,

(To ſail with the firſt of the new crop, as ſoon as can be put on board)

The Ship CHANCE,

CHARLES SMITH, Maſter,

A FINE ſailing veſſel, burthen about 750 barrels of Rice, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage, apply to

DAVID & JOHN DEAS.

IMPORTED in the ſaid ſhip, a few hogſheads of Holland Geneva, Fronteniac in pint bottles, a few dozen of Claret and Burgundy, and ſome choice Arrack in caſes, and Dutch Tiles, in boxes.

For LONDON,

(To ſail with the firſt of the new Crop)

The Snow EDWARD & ANNE, ANDREW SINCLAIR, Maſter,

A Fine ſtaunch veſſel, and a prime ſailer, burthen about Eight hundred barrels of rice, one half of which is already engaged. For the remainder apply to DAVID and JOHN DEAS.

☞ Good accommodations for paſſengers, apply as above.

TO BE SOLD,

AND may be enter'd upon by the firſt of February next,

A Very valuable plantation in St. George's Pariſh, near Beach-Hill, containing 774 acres, for Rice, Corn, or Indico inferior to no plantation in the ſaid pariſh; whereon is a good dwelling-houſe, barn and other convenient out-buildings: Alſo to be ſold, a tract of land upon Charles-Town Neck, whereon at preſent Mrs. *Nightingale* reſides, known by the name of NEW-MARKET; containing 110 acres. The purchaſers may have one, two or three years credit, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, to

DANIEL BLAKE.

TO BE SOLD, together or ſeparate,

TWO lots of land, pleaſantly ſituated in Anſonbourg, each containing ſixty two feet in front, and three hundred and eighteen in depth, oppoſite to Mr. Badger's, and joining a lot belonging to Mr. Peter Porcher. Apply to JOHN CHANNING.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 4th of December next,

THE houſe and back ſtores on the bay, now tenanted by Mr. Kirkwood, and Meſſrs. Ingliſ, Lloyd and Hall. For further particulars, apply to

Nov. 9. 1764. tf. CHOLMONDELEY DERING.

TO BE SOLD, *at Auction,*

On Tueſday the 18th inſtant (December) *at the uſual place in* CHARLES-TOWN:

THE houſe joining Mr. *Hutchinſon's* in Friend-ſtreet, with a ſtable, chair-houſe, kitchen, &c. and land ſufficient to build another good dwelling-houſe on. From one to three years credit will be given, on intereſt, and ſecurity if required. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the ſaid day, may treat with me at my houſe in ſaid ſtreet. NATHANIEL SCOTT.

TO BE SOLD, *at Public-Vendue,*

On Tueſday the 18th of December next, at the uſual place in CHARLES-TOWN:

A Lot of land in King-ſtreet, belonging to the eſtate of *Frederick Strobell*, deceaſed, almoſt oppoſite to the Jail, containing in front upon the ſaid ſtreet, about 39 feet, and in depth about 200; whereon are, two good new brick dwelling-houſes, with the neceſſary out-buildings to each. The conditions to be declared at the ſale, by

Nov. 27th, 1764. JONATHAN BADGER, JOHN WAGNER, } Executors.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, at Jackſonborough, a white lad, named SAMUEL BURGES, he is pretty tall and ſlim, with flax colour'd hair, about nineteen years of age. Had on, when he went away, a whiteiſh cloth coat, and a red ribb'd waiſtcoat. Whoſoever apprehends ſaid lad and delivers him to me, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall have a reward of Ten pounds currency. All perſons are forbid harbouring, and maſters of veſſels carrying him off, as they will be proſecuted with the utmoſt ſeverity of the law, by

October 30, 1764. JOHN NEWBOULD.

A FEW INDIA MUSLINS, ſtriped, ſprig'd and plain, will be ſold by the piece, at prime coſt, by

Torrans, Poaug, & Comp.

FIFTY Crates of YELLOW WARE, to be ſold cheap, by the Subſcriber, at his Store in Elliott-Street.

Dec. 1ſt, 1764. JOHN VAUX.

Brought to the Work-Houſe.

Dec. 1ſt, 1764. Two new negro girls, named SARAH and HAGAR, can't tell their maſter's name, they have on old white negro cloth jackets and crocus coats, their country marks on their temples; Sarah has filed teeth, and both have beads about their necks and arms. Taken up at Mr. Henry Smith's plantation, at Gooſe-Creek.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate of Mr. ISAAC HOLMES, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective debts by the firſt day of January next, otherwiſe they muſt expect to be ſued without further notice.

THOMAS BEE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of *John Dupont*, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have demands thereon, to give in their accompts properly atteſted, to

PAUL PORCHER, JOSIAH DUPONT, } Executors.

JAMES HUNTER, having diſpoſed of the ſtock of GOODS which he had on hand; deſires all thoſe any ways indebted to him, either by bond, note, or book debt, to diſcharge the ſame, on or before the firſt day of January next, that he may thereby be enabled to ſettle with thoſe to whom he is indebted; otherwiſe they will find their accompts in the hands of an attorney, to be ſued for without further notice.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of *JOSEPH NORMAN*, late of Beach-Hill, in Colleton county, planter, deceaſed, are hereby deſired and required to diſcharge the ſame immediately; and thoſe to whom the ſaid eſtate is indebted, are deſired to bring in their accompts atteſted to the ſubſcribers, or either of them. Who have to ſell, a tract of land, late of the ſaid deceaſed, containing about 250 acres, ſituated on Medway in Georgia, eſteemed to be as good land, as any thereabouts. For particulars, enquire as above mentioned. of ISHAM ANDREWS, WILLIAM NORMAN, } Executors.

Dec. 1ſt, 1764.

TO BE SOLD, by ANDREW CUNNINGHAM, & Co.

NEW-YORK and other Madera WINE, of the beſt quality, by the pipe, hogſhead or quarter-caſk, and alſo by the dozen; beſt Vidonia and Vidonia-Madera, by the like quantity; excellent Claret, at different prices from *eight* to *twelve pounds* per dozen; Red Port and the beſt white Liſbon and Fronteniac, by the dozen only; the beſt old Jamaica and Weſt-India Rum, by the hogſhead, quarter-caſk and ſmaller quantity, not leſs than three gallons; very fine old French Brandy, by the quarter-caſk or dozen, to three gallons:

The above liquors will be warranted to be equal to any at the ſame price in Charles-Town, and may be had at *John Mackenzie's* houſe the upper end of Broad-ſtreet, or on Mr. *Burn's* wharf, at both which places, thoſe who are pleaſed to favour them with their cuſtom, may depend on being faithfully ſerved.

N.B. Orders from the country will be punctually complied with. —— A quantity of large grained SALT, to be ſold reaſonably, on the ſame wharf. 58—69

WANTED an experienced overſeer, for a plantation in Granville county, where are employed upwards of fifty hands. Enquire of the printer.

None need apply whoſe character will not bear the teſt.

BENJAMIN HAWES,

At his COLOUR and OIL Shop, on the Bay,

Has lately imported the following articles, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable and eaſy terms, viz.

OILS of all ſorts prepared, and colours for painting, camels hair pencils, limning tools, painting bruſhes of all ſorts, proper water colours, GOLD, SILVER, and DUTCH LEAF BOOKS of various kinds, with directions and receipts for drawing with INDIA INK, proſpective painting on glaſs in water colours, &c. Carmine, lake, king's yellow, Pruſſian blue, teak, white, blue, black, ivory black, Dutch pink, Gambogia, gum ſandriak, and all other colours ſuitable for limning, &c. drawing inſtruments, the very beſt of Spaniſh white, BAGS OF CEMENT for mending of China, proper red or chimney hearths, floor and ſtair-caſe carpets, painted on few canvas, and will bear waſhing, the trueſt and beſt ſand glaſſes, from one fourth of a minute, to four hours, ſea compaſſes of all ſorts, the very beſt Spaniſh brown, with a mixture very prejudicial to worms that infeſt ſhips bottoms, with ſundry other curious articles too tedious to mention.

N. B. As I have two men lately arrived from England beſides ſeveral white apprentices, and negro painters to aſſiſt me, I give this public notice, that I carry on the buſineſs of painting in all its branches, with accuracy and diſpatch, and am willing to engage to work by the yard, pound, or day, and all who have had my former accounts will now have no reaſon of complaint. 58—69